

Math 107, Week 12 Questions to Practice

(1) Let A be an $n \times n$ matrix with real entries. Suppose λ is a complex eigenvalue of A and v is an eigenvector corresponding to λ . Prove that $\{\operatorname{Re} \mathbf{v}, \operatorname{Im} \mathbf{v}\}$ is a linearly independent set in \mathbb{R}^n .

(Hint: Use the fact that \bar{v} is an eigenvector corresponding to the eigenvalue $\bar{\lambda}$, in particular use the fact that $\{v, \bar{v}\}$ is linearly independent, since v, \bar{v} correspond to two distinct eigenvalues.)

(2) Let A be a 2×2 matrix with a pair of complex conjugate eigenvalues $\lambda, \bar{\lambda}$, and let v be an eigenvector corresponding to the eigenvalue λ . Prove that

$$A \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} \operatorname{Re} v & \operatorname{Im} v \end{bmatrix}}_P = \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} \operatorname{Re} v & \operatorname{Im} v \end{bmatrix}}_P \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} \operatorname{Re} \lambda & \operatorname{Im} \lambda \\ -\operatorname{Im} \lambda & \operatorname{Re} \lambda \end{bmatrix}}_R.$$

Note: This shows that $P^{-1}AP = R$, so A is similar to R . Letting $|\lambda| = \sqrt{[\operatorname{Re} \lambda]^2 + [\operatorname{Im} \lambda]^2}$ be the modulus of λ , observe that $(1/|\lambda|)R$ is a rotation matrix by an angle of $\theta = \arccos [(\operatorname{Re} \lambda)/|\lambda|]$ in the counter clockwise direction. Hence $R\mathbf{x}$ first rotates by an angle of θ in the counter clockwise direction, then stretches or shrinks by $|\lambda|$.

Solve the following questions from the orange textbook by Lay, Lay and McDonald.

5.4 : 1, 8, 10

5.5 : 1, 3, 23, 24,